

Navigation and Ancillary Information Facility

Summary of Key Points

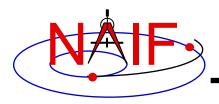
January 2017



Which Pieces of SPICE Must I Use?

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- There's not a simple answer
 - Depends on what activity or mission you are working on
 - Depends on what computation(s) you wish to make
- Don't feel overwhelmed
 - Many seemingly complex computations can be made using just a few SPICE APIs
- The next several charts highlight some key points
 - We assume you have already looked at the major SPICE tutorials, or already have some familiarity with SPICE
 - We assume you have successfully downloaded and installed the SPICE Toolkit
- Consider printing this tutorial and keeping it near your workstation



Reminder of Key Subsystems

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SPK: Position (and velocity) of things ("ephemeris objects")

PCK: Size/shape/orientation of solar system bodies

For binary PCKs, only orientation is provided; use a text PCK to obtain

size/shape

IK: Instrument field-of-view geometry (see also FK below)

CK: Orientation of spacecraft or spacecraft structures that move

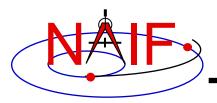
FK: Definition and specification details for many reference

frames, including instrument mounting alignments

DSK: High fidelity shape data, better than what's in a PCK

LSK: Time conversion: UTC (SCET) ← ET (TDB)

SCLK and LSK: Time conversion: SCLK ← ET (TDB)

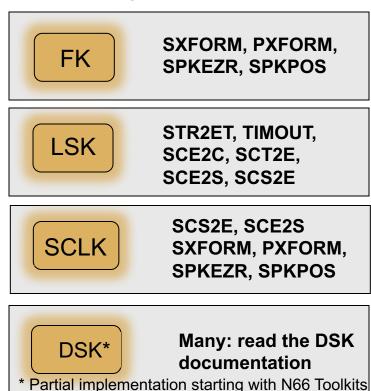


Primary Kernel Interfaces - 1

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Which SPICE modules are most commonly called to use data obtained from a given kernel type?

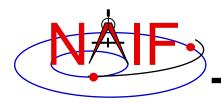




Notes: FURNSH is used to load (provide access to) all SPICE kernels.

API names shown are for FORTRAN versions:

- use lower case and add an "_c" when using C
- use lower case and prepend "cspice_" when using Icy (IDL) and Mice (MATLAB)



Primary Kernel Interfaces - 2

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For a given high-level module, which kind(s) of kernel(s) will or may be needed?

Kernel Type(s) Needed

Module Name	SPK	PCK	IK	CK	FK	LSK	SCLK	DSK*
SPKEZR, SPKPOS	Υ	M		M	M	L	M	
SXFORM, PXFORM	M	M		M	L	M	M	
CKGP, CKGPAV	M	M		Υ	M	L	L	
GETFOV			Υ					
G*POOL		M	M					
STR2ET, TIMOUT						Υ		
SCS2E, SCE2S						Υ	Y	
CHRONOS (time conversion app.)	M	M		M	M	Υ	M	

Yes = is needed

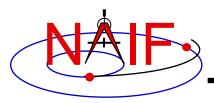
Likely = very likely needed

Maybe = may be needed

Summary of Key Points

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^{*} Partial implementation starting with N66 Toolkits



Primary Kernel Interfaces - 3

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For a given high-level module, which kind(s) of kernel(s) will or may be needed?

Kernel Type(s) Needed

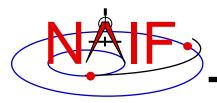
Module Name	SPK	PCK	IK	СК	FK	LSK	SCLK	DSK*
SINCPT	Υ	L		M	L	L	M	M
DSKXV, DSKXSI	M	M		M	M	M	M	Υ
LATSRF	M	M		M	M	M	M	M
ILUMIN, ILLUMG, ILLUMF	Υ	L		M	M	L	M	M
SUBPNT, SUBSLR	Υ	L		M	M	L	M	M
GFOCLT, OCCULT	Υ	L		M	M	L	M	M
SRFNRM	M	M		M	M	M	M	M
LIMBPT	Υ	L		M	M	L	M	M
TERMPT	Υ	Υ		M	M	L	M	M

Yes = is needed

Likely = very likely needed

Maybe = may be needed

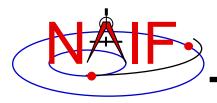
^{*} Partial implementation starting with N66 Toolkits



Kernel "Coverage" Cautions

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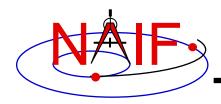
- Your set of kernels must:
 - contain data for all "objects" of interest
 - » Sometimes you must include intermediary objects that provide a connection (recall the chaining discussion in the SPK tutorial)
 - contain data covering the time span(s) of interest to you
 - » Watch out for data gaps within that time span
 - » Watch out for the difference between ET and UTC
 - The difference as of 2017 January 01 is ~69.184 seconds (ET > UTC)
 - contain all the kernel types needed by SPICE to answer your question
 - » As the previous charts show, you may need one or more kernels that are not obvious
 - be managed (loaded) properly if there are overlapping (competing) data within the set of files you are using



What Kernels are Available?

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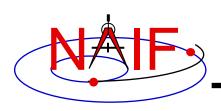
- It depends on the mission or task you are working on.
- There are typically three categories of kernel data available.
 - Mission operations kernels those used by the flight teams to fly the mission and prepare the archival science products
 - PDS Archived kernels those that have been selected from (or made from) the mission ops kernels, and then are well organized and documented for the PDS archive. These data sets also contain helpful "furnsh" kernels (meta-kernels).
 - Generic kernels those that are used by many missions and are not tied to any one mission
 - » Relevant generic kernels are usually included in the PDS Archived and the Mission Operations kernels data sets mentioned above
 - All three types can be found here: http://naif.jpl.nasa.gov/naif/data.html
- The situation might be similar for non-JPL missions, but this is up to whatever institution is producing the kernels.



How Can I Find Possibly Useful Toolkit Modules?

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- Review the previous charts
- Look at the appropriate SPICE tutorial(s)
- Look at the "Most Used xxx APIs" document .../doc/html/info/mostused.html
- Search the permuted index:
 - spicelib_idx for the FORTRAN toolkits .../doc/html/info/spicelib_idx.html
 - » This index also correlates entry point names with source code files.
 - cspice_idx for the C toolkits .../doc/html/info/cspice_idx.html
 - icy_idx for the IDL toolkits .../doc/html/info/icy_idx.html
 - mice_idx for the MATLAB toolkits .../doc/html/info/mice_idx.html
- Read relevant portions of a SPICE "required reading" technical reference document (e.g. "spk.req")
 - .../doc/html/req/spk.html for the hyperlinked html version (best)
 - .../doc/spk.req for the plain text version



How Can I Understand How To Use Those Modules?

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- The primary user-oriented documentation about each module is found in the "header" located at the top of each source code file and also in the module's HTML page in the API reference guide.
 - (More documentation is found at the additional entry points for those FORTRAN modules that have multiple entry points.)
- Reference documentation for major subsystems is found in like-named "required reading" documents (e.g. spk.req, ck.req, etc.)
- The SPICE tutorials contain much helpful information.

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- Nearly all module headers contain one or more working examples
- "Most Useful SPICELIB Subroutines" has code fragments .../doc/html/info/mostused.html
- The "required reading" reference documents often contain examples .../doc/html/req/index.html
- The "Program_<language>" tutorial contains a substantial working example
- Some simple "cookbook" programs are found in the Toolkit .../src/cookbook/...
- Make use of the SPICE Programming Lessons available from the NAIF server

- ftp://naif.jpl.nasa.gov/pub/naif/toolkit_docs/Lessons/