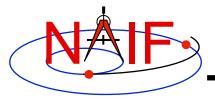


Navigation and Ancillary Information Facility

Frames Kernel FK

January 2012



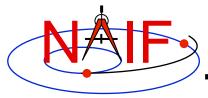
Introduction

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What does the FRAMES subsystem do?

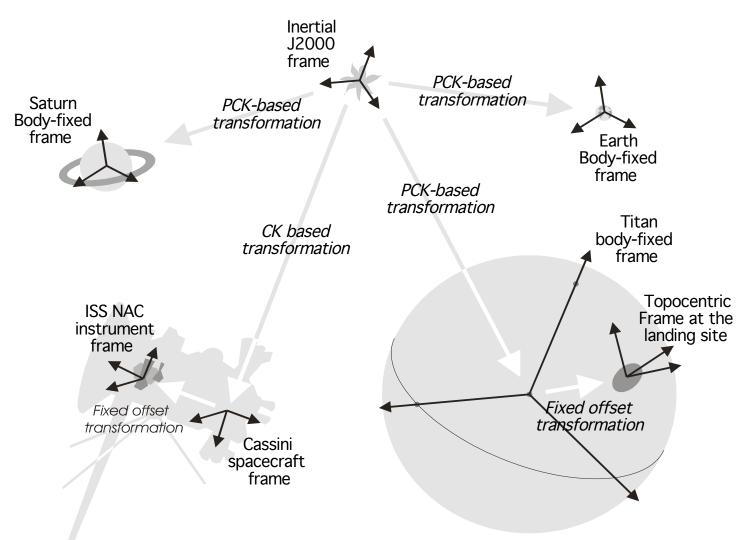
- It establishes relationships between reference frames used in geometry computations -- it "chains frames together."
 - We often call this set of relationships a frame tree
- It connects frames with the sources of their orientation specifications.
- Based on these relationships and the orientation source information, it allows SPICE software to compute transformations between neighboring frames in the frame tree, and to combine these transformations in the right order, thus providing an ability to compute orientation of any frame in the tree with respect to any other frame in the tree at any time. *

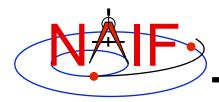
* If the complete set of underlying SPICE data needed to compute the transformation is available.



Sample Frame Tree

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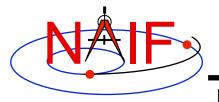
Examples of Frames for Each Frame Class

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Frame class

<u>Examples</u>

Inertial	 Earth Equator/Equinox of Epoch (J2000,) Planet Equator/Equinox of Epoch (MARSIAU,) Ecliptic of Epoch (ECLIPJ2000,)
Body-fixed	 Solar system body IAU frames (IAU_MARS, IAU_SATURN,) High accuracy Earth frames (ITRF93,) High accuracy Moon frames (MOON_PA, MOON_ME)
CK-based	 Spacecraft (CASSINI_SC_BUS,) Moving parts of an instrument (MPL_RA_JOINT1,)
Fixed Offset	 Instrument mounting alignment (CASSINI_ISS_NAC,) Topocentric (DSS-14_TOPO,)
Dynamic	 Geomagnetic Geocentric Solar Equatorial Planet true equator and equinox of date



Frame Class Specifications

<u>Frame class</u>	Frame Defined in	Orientation data provided in
Inertial	Toolkit	Toolkit
Bodyfixed	Toolkit or FK	PCK
CK based	FK	СК
Fixed offset	FK	FK
Dynamic	FK	Toolkit, or computed using FK, SPK, CK, and/or PCK



SXFORM/PXFORM returns state or position transformation matrix

CALL SXFORM ('FROM_FRAME_NAME', 'TO_FRAME_NAME', ET, MAT6x6) CALL PXFORM ('FROM_FRAME_NAME', 'TO_FRAME_NAME', ET, MAT3X3)

SPKEZR/SPKPOS returns state or position vector in specified frame

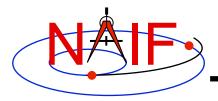
CALL SPKEZR (BOD, ET, 'FRAME_NAME', CORR, OBS, STATE, LT) CALL SPKPOS (BOD, ET, 'FRAME_NAME', CORR, OBS, POSITN, LT)

The above are FORTRAN examples, using SPICELIB modules.

The same interfaces exist for C, using CSPICE modules, and for Icy and Mice.



- Refer to the "NAIF IDs" Tutorial for an introduction to reference frame names and IDs
- Refer to the FRAMES.REQ document for the list of NAIF "built in" (hard coded) inertial and body-fixed frames
- Refer to a project's Frames Kernel (FK) file for a list of frames defined for the spacecraft, its subsystems and instruments
- Refer to an earth stations FK for a list of frames defined for the DSN and other stations
- Refer to the moon FKs for descriptions of the body-fixed frames defined for the moon



Frames Kernel File

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- Uses the SPICE text kernel standards
- Loaded using the FURNSH routine
- Usually contains comprehensive information about the defined frames in the comment section(s) of the file
- Contains frame definition information consisting of a set of keywords in the data sections of the file. Below are examples defining a CK-based frame and a fixed-offset frame.

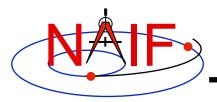
CK-based Frame Example

FRAME_DAWN_SPACECRAFT	= -203000
FRAME203000_NAME	= 'DAWN_SPACECRAFT'
FRAME203000_CLASS	= 3
FRAME203000_CLASS_ID	= -203000
FRAME203000_CENTER	= -203
CK203000_SCLK	= -203
СК203000_SPK	= -203

Fixed-offset Frame Example

FRAME_DAWN_FC1	= -203110
FRAME203110_NAME	= 'DAWN_FC1'
FRAME203110_CLASS	= 4
FRAME203110_CLASS_ID	= -203110
FRAME203110_CENTER	= -203
TKFRAME203110_RELATIVE	= 'DAWN_SPACECRAFT'
TKFRAME203110_SPEC	= 'ANGLES'
TKFRAME203110_UNITS	= 'DEGREES'
TKFRAME203110_ANGLES	= (0.0, 0.0, 0.0)
TKFRAME203110_AXES	= (1, 2, 3)

These examples are discussed in detail on the next few slides



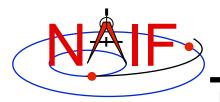
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Frame definition for the DAWN spacecraft				
FRAME_DAWN_SPACECRAFT	= -203000			
FRAME203000_NAME	= 'DAWN_SPACECRAFT'			
FRAME203000_CLASS	= 3			
FRAME203000_CLASS_ID	= -203000			
FRAME203000_CENTER	= -203			
CK203000_SCLK	= -203			
CK203000_SPK	= -203			

Frame definition for the DAWN Framing Camera #1

FRAME_DAWN_FC1	=	-203110
FRAME203110_NAME	=	'DAWN_FC1'
FRAME203110_CLASS	=	4
FRAME203110_CLASS_ID	=	-203110
FRAME203110_CENTER	=	-203
TKFRAME203110_RELATIVE	=	'DAWN_SPACECRAFT'
TKFRAME203110_SPEC	=	'ANGLES'
TKFRAME203110_UNITS	=	'DEGREES'
TKFRAME203110_ANGLES	=	(0.0, 0.0, 0.0)
TKFRAME203110_AXES	=	(1, 2, 3)

 The Frame ID, shown in red in the two examples above, is an integer number used by the SPICE system as a "handle" in buffering and retrieving various parameters associated with a frame. In an FK it "glues" together the keywords defining the frame.



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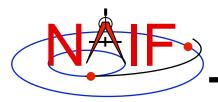
Frame definition for the DAWN spacecraft				
FRAME_DAWN_SPACECRAFT	= -203000			
FRAME203000_NAME	= 'DAWN_SPACECRAFT'			
FRAME203000_CLASS	= 3			
FRAME203000_CLASS_ID	= -203000			
FRAME203000_CENTER	= -203			
CK203000_SCLK	= -203			
СК203000_SPK	= -203			

Frame definition for the DAWN Framing Camera #1 FRAME DAWN FC1 = -203110FRAME -203110 NAME = 'DAWN FC1' FRAME -203110 CLASS = 4 FRAME -203110 CLASS ID = -203110 FRAME -203110 CENTER = -203 TKFRAME -203110 RELATIVE = 'DAWN SPACECRAFT' TKFRAME -203110 SPEC = 'ANGLES' TKFRAME -203110 UNITS = 'DEGREES' = (0.0, 0.0, 0.0)TKFRAME -203110 ANGLES = (1, 2, 3) TKFRAME -203110 AXES

These keywords

FRAME_<name> = <id>
FRAME_<id>_NAME = <name>

establish the association between the name and the ID of the frame.



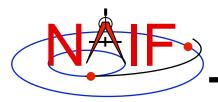
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Frame definition for the DAWN spacecraft				
FRAME_DAWN_SPACECRAFT	= -203000			
FRAME203000_NAME	= 'DAWN_SPACECRAFT'			
FRAME203000_CLASS	= 3			
FRAME203000_CLASS_ID	= -203000			
FRAME203000_CENTER	= -203			
CK203000_SCLK	= -203			
CK203000_SPK	= -203			

Frame definition for the DAWN Framing Camera #1

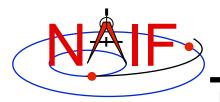
FRAME_DAWN_FC1	= -203110
FRAME203110_NAME	= 'DAWN_FC1'
FRAME203110_CLASS	= 4
FRAME203110_CLASS_ID	= -203110
FRAME203110_CENTER	= -203
TKFRAME203110_RELATIVE	= 'DAWN_SPACECRAFT'
TKFRAME203110_SPEC	= 'ANGLES'
TKFRAME203110_UNITS	= 'DEGREES'
TKFRAME203110_ANGLES	= (0.0, 0.0, 0.0)
TKFRAME203110_AXES	= (1, 2, 3)

- The FRAME...CLASS keyword specifies the method by which the frame is related to its base frame
- This keyword is set to:
 - 2, for PCK-based frames
 - 3, for CK-based frames
 - 4, for fixed-offset frames
 - 5, for dynamic frames



Frame definition for the	DAWN spacecraft	Frame definition for the DAW	N Framing Camera #1
FRAME_DAWN_SPACECRAFT	= -203000	FRAME_DAWN_FC1	= -203110
FRAME203000_NAME	= 'DAWN_SPACECRAFT'	FRAME203110_NAME	= 'DAWN_FC1'
FRAME203000_CLASS	= 3	FRAME203110_CLASS	= 4
FRAME203000_CLASS_ID	= -203000	FRAME203110_CLASS_ID	= -203110
FRAME203000_CENTER	= -203	FRAME203110_CENTER	= -203
CK203000_SCLK	= -203	TKFRAME203110_RELATIVE	= 'DAWN_SPACECRAFT'
CK203000_SPK	= -203	TKFRAME203110_SPEC	= 'ANGLES'
		TKFRAME203110_UNITS	= 'DEGREES'
		TKFRAME203110_ANGLES	= (0.0, 0.0, 0.0)
		TKFRAME203110_AXES	= (1, 2, 3)

- The FRAME...CLASS_ID is the number that connects a frame with the orientation data for it.
 - For body-fixed frames the CLASS_ID is the ID of the natural body. It is used as input to PCK routines called by the Frame subsystem to compute orientation of the frame.
 - » The Frame ID and CLASS_ID are <u>not</u> the same for the body-fixed frames defined in the Toolkit but they <u>can</u> be the same for frames defined in FK files.
 - For CK-based frames the CLASS_ID is the CK structure ID. It is used as input to CK routines called by the Frame subsystem to compute orientation of the frame.
 - » Usually the CLASS_ID of a CK-based frame is the same as the frame ID, but this is not required.
 - For fixed offset and dynamic frames the CLASS_ID is the ID that is used to retrieve the frame definition keywords.
 - » The CLASS_ID of a fixed offset or dynamic frame is the same as the frame ID.

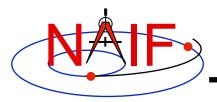


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Frame definition for the DAWN spacecraft				
FRAME_DAWN_SPACECRAFT	= -203000			
FRAME203000_NAME	= 'DAWN_SPACECRAFT'			
FRAME203000_CLASS	= 3			
FRAME203000_CLASS_ID	= -203000			
FRAME203000_CENTER	= -203			
CK203000_SCLK	= -203			
CK203000_SPK	= -203			

Frame definition for the DAWN Framing Camera #1 FRAME DAWN FC1 = -203110FRAME -203110 NAME = 'DAWN FC1' FRAME -203110 CLASS 4 FRAME -203110 CLASS ID = -203110FRAME -203110 CENTER = -203 TKFRAME -203110 RELATIVE = 'DAWN SPACECRAFT' TKFRAME -203110 SPEC = 'ANGLES' TKFRAME -203110 UNITS = 'DEGREES' TKFRAME -203110 ANGLES = (0.0, 0.0, 0.0)= (1, 2, 3)TKFRAME -203110 AXES

- The FRAME...CENTER specifies the ephemeris object at which the frame origin is located
 - It is used ONLY to compute the light-time corrected orientation of the frame



Frame definition for the DAWN	N spacecraft Fram	e definition for the DA	NN Framing Camera #1
$FRAME_DAWN_SPACECRAFT = -2$	203000 FRAME	DAWN_FC1	= -203110
FRAME - 203000 NAME = 'DD'	AWN_SPACECRAFT' FRAME	203110_NAME	= 'DAWN_FC1'
FRAME203000_CLASS = 3	FRAME	203110_CLASS	= 4
$FRAME_{-203000}CLASS_{ID} = -20$	203000 FRAME	-203110_CLASS_ID	= -203110
$FRAME_{-203000}CENTER = -20$	203 FRAME	203110_CENTER	= -203
$CK_{-203000}SCLK = -20$	203 TKFRA	ME203110_RELATIV	E = 'DAWN_SPACECRAFT'
CK203000_SPK = -20	203 TKFRA	ME203110_SPEC	= 'ANGLES'
	TKFRA	ME203110_UNITS	= 'DEGREES'
	TKFRA	ME203110_ANGLES	= (0.0, 0.0, 0.0)
	TKFRA	ME203110_AXES	= (1, 2, 3)

- Additional frame definition keywords may be required depending on the frame class
 - For CK frames, CK...SCLK and CK...SPK keywords identify the spacecraft clock ID and physical object ID associated with the CK structure ID
 - For fixed-offset frames, TKFRAME_* keywords specify the base frame and the fixed orientation with respect to this frame
 - For dynamic frames, additional keywords depend on the dynamic frame family



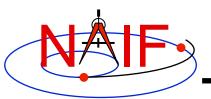
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These are VERY IMPORTANT points you must understand!

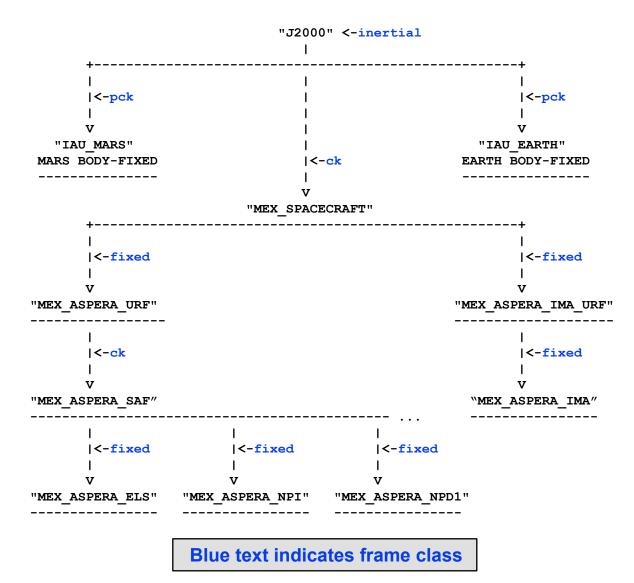
- The frames routines (SPKEZR, SPKPOS, SXFORM, PXFORM) all read CK files using tolerance = 0
 - For discrete CKs (Type 1) the orientation of a CK-based frame will be computed only if the time provided to a Frames routine <u>exactly</u> matches one of the times stored in the CK file; otherwise an error will be signaled.
 - For continuous CKs (Types 2 5) the orientation of a CK-based frame will be computed only if the time provided to a Frames routine falls within one of the interpolation intervals defined by the CK file; otherwise an error will be signaled.

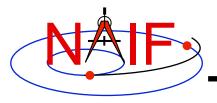
• Using SPKEZR or SXFORM requires CKs that contain angular rate data

- Since these routines return a state vector (6x1) or state transformation matrix (6x6), angular rate must be present in the CK in order to compute vectors and matrices; if angular rate is not present an error will be signaled.
- SPKPOS and PXFORM, which return a position vector (3x1) and a position transformation matrix (3x3) respectively, can be used when angular rate data are NOT present in a CK.
- Ephemeris time input to Frames routines is converted to SCLK to access CKs
 - SCLK and LSK kernels must be loaded to support this conversion.
 - The SCLK ID is specified in one of the CK frame definition keywords; if not, it's assumed to be the Frame ID divided by a 1000.



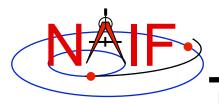
Frame Tree Example: ASPERA Instrument on Mars Express





FK Utility Programs

- The following FK and frames utility programs are included in the Toolkit
 - FRMDIFF samples orientation of a frame or compares orientation of two frames
 - CKBRIEF summarizes coverage for one or more CK files
 - BRIEF summarizes coverage for one or more binary PCK files
- These additional FK and frames utility programs are provided on the NAIF Web site
 - PINPOINT creates SPK and topocentric frames FK files for fixed locations (ground stations, etc)
 - BINGO converts FK files between UNIX and DOS text formats



Additional Information on FK

- For more information about FK and frames, look at the following documents
 - Frames Required Reading
 - Using Frames Tutorial
 - Dynamic Frames Tutorial
 - NAIF IDs Tutorial
 - headers for the routines mentioned in this tutorial
 - Most Useful SPICELIB Routines
 - FRMDIFF User's Guide
 - Porting_kernels tutorial
- Related documents
 - CK Required Reading
 - PCK Required Reading
 - SPK Required Reading
 - Rotations Required Reading