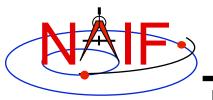


**Navigation and Ancillary Information Facility** 

#### Preparing for Programming Using the SPICE Toolkits

January 2012



#### **Setting Path to Toolkit Executables**

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#### **Recommended for all languages**

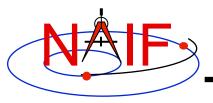
- Unix
  - csh, tcsh: Use the set command to add the location of toolkit executables to your path.
    - » set path = (\$path /my\_directory/toolkit/exe)
    - » set path = (\$path /my\_directory/cspice/exe)
    - » set path = (\$path /my\_directory/icy/exe)
    - » set path = (\$path /my\_directory/mice/exe)
  - bash
    - » PATH=\$PATH:/my\_directory/toolkit/exe
    - » PATH=\$PATH:/my\_directory/cspice/exe
    - » PATH=\$PATH:/my\_directory/icy/exe
    - » PATH=\$PATH:/my\_directory/mice/exe

#### Windows

- Add location of toolkit executables to the environment variable PATH from the *Advanced* pane on the *System* Control Panel (*Control Panel->System->Advanced*).
  - » drive:\my\_directory\toolkit\exe
  - » drive:\my\_directory\cspice\exe
  - » drive:\my\_directory\icy\exe
  - » drive:\my\_directory\mice\exe

Replace the *italics* with the path in which you installed the toolkit on your computer.

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## **Unix/Linux: Builds**

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Assume your Toolkit distribution is installed at:

/naif/cspice/ for CSPICE (C toolkits)
/naif/toolkit/ for SPICE (Fortran toolkits)

• Compile and link an application, say *program*, against the CSPICE or SPICELIB library.

» For C:

\$ gcc program.c -I/naif/cspice/include /naif/cspice/lib/cspice.a -lm

» For FORTRAN:

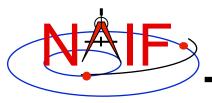
\$ g77 program.f /naif/toolkit/spicelib.a

- » Note: some FORTRAN compilers (e.g. Absoft) require an additional flag "-1U77" to pull in the standard Unix symbols when linking against SPICELIB.
- The default SPICE library names do not conform to the UNIX convention libname.a. So you cannot use the conventional library path/name options -L and -1, e.g.

gcc ... -L/path\_to\_libs/ -lname

unless you rename the SPICE library.

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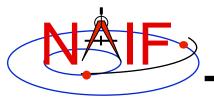
## Windows: Compiler settings

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- The standard installation of Microsoft Visual Studio may not update environment variables needed to use the C compiler (cl) from the standard DOS shell. This depends on your version of the Microsoft development environment.
  - If programming for a 32-bit environment, you can set the environment variables by executing from a DOS shell one of the "vars32" batch scripts supplied with Microsoft compilers:
    - » vars32.bat
    - » vcvars32.bat
    - » vsvars32.bat
  - If available on your system, you can execute the "Visual Studio version Command Prompt" utility from the

Programs -> Microsoft Visual Studio version -> Visual Studio Tools

menu. The utility spawns a DOS shell set with the appropriate environment variables.



#### Windows: Builds

**Navigation and Ancillary Information Facility** 

• Assume the SPICE distribution is installed at:

C:\naif\cspice\ for C toolkits C:\naif\toolkit\ for Fortran toolkits

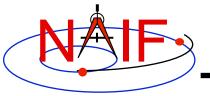
• Compile and link an application, say *program*, against the CSPICE or SPICELIB library.

» For C toolkits:

> cl program.c -IC:\naif\cspice\include C:\naif\cspice\lib\cspice.lib

» For FORTRAN toolkits:

> df program.f C:\naif\toolkit\lib\SPICELIB.LIB



#### Icy: Register the Icy DLM to IDL (1)

Navigation and Ancillary Information Facility Required for "Icy"

- Unix and Windows
  - Use the IDL register command:

IDL> dlm\_register, '\_path\_to\_directory\_containing\_icy.dlm\_'

e.g.

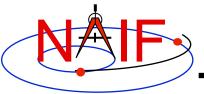
IDL > dlm\_register, '/naif/icy/lib/icy.dlm'

- **Or, copy icy.dlm and icy.so (or icy.dll) to IDL's binary directory located at** {*The IDL install directory*}/bin/bin.user architecture, e.g.
  - » Unix, X86 architecture

cp icy.dlm icy.so /usr/local/itt/idl64/bin/bin.linux.x86/

» Windows, X86 architecture

cp icy.dlm icy.dll C:\ITT\IDL64\bin\bin.x86\



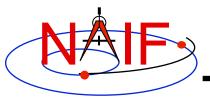
#### Icy: Register the Icy DLM to IDL (2)

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- Unix specific:
  - Start the IDL application from a shell in the directory containing both icy.dlm and icy.so.
  - Append the path to your icy.dlm to the IDL\_DLM\_PATH environment variable to include the directory containing icy.dlm and icy.so, e.g.:

setenv IDL\_DLM\_PATH "<IDL\_DEFAULT>:\_path\_to\_directory\_containing\_icy.dlm\_"

Caveat: with regards to the lcy source directory, *icy/src/icy*, do not invoke IDL from the directory, do not register the directory, and do not append to IDL\_DLM\_PATH the directory. This directory contains an "icy.dlm" but not "icy.so."



#### Icy: Register the Icy DLM to IDL (3)

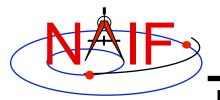
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- Windows specific:
  - Set environment variable IDL\_DLM\_PATH from the Advanced pane of the System Control Panel.
- Once registered (by whatever means) confirm IDL recognizes and can access Icy.
  - Using the help command:

```
IDL> help, 'icy', /DL
**ICY - IDL/CSPICE interface from JPL/NAIF (not loaded)
```

- » Appearance of the words "not loaded" might suggest something is wrong, but this is expected state until you execute an Icy command.
- Execute a trivial lcy command:

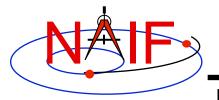
```
IDL> print, cspice_icy('version')
% Loaded DLM: ICY.
Icy 1.4.20 25-DEC-2008 (EDW)
```



#### **Icy: Using the IDL IDE**

Navigation and Ancillary Information Facility Recommended for "Icy"

- Use the IDL IDE's preferences panel to set the current working directory to the location where you will be developing your lessons' code.
- Optional: Place your dlm\_register command in a start up script. Specify the script using the IDL IDE's preferences panel.



#### Mice

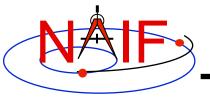
Navigation and Ancillary Information Facility Required for "Mice"

- Assume the Mice distribution is installed at C:\naif\mice\ on Windows, or /naif/mice/ on Unix/Linux. Use of Mice from Matlab requires the Mice source and library directories exist in the Matlab search path. The easiest way to update the Matlab path is with the "addpath" command.
  - On Windows:

```
>> addpath('C:\naif\mice\lib')
>> addpath('C:\naif\mice\src\mice')
```

- On Unix/Linux:

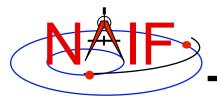
```
>> addpath('/naif/mice/lib')
>> addpath('/naif/mice/src/mice')
```



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# Backup

- Icy programming example
- Mice programming example
- References

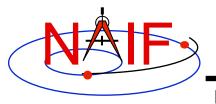


#### Simple Icy Example

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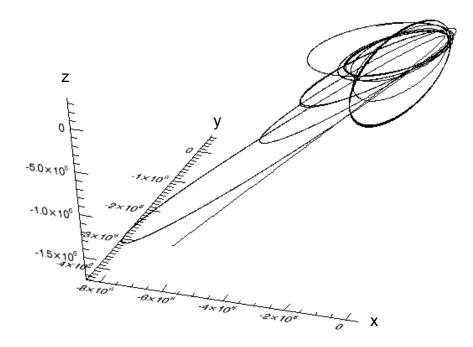
 As an example of Icy use with vectorization, calculate and plot the trajectory in the J2000 inertial frame of the Cassini spacecraft from June 20, 2004 to December 1, 2005.

```
;; Construct a meta kernel, "standard.tm", which will be used to load the needed
;; generic kernels: "naif0009.tls," "de421.bsp," and "pck0009.tpc."
;; Load the generic kernels using the meta kernel, and a Cassini spk.
cspice furnsh, 'standard.tm'
cspice furnsh, '/kernels/cassini/spk/<u>030201AP_SK_SM546_T45.bsp</u>'
;; Define the number of divisions of the time interval and the time interval.
STEP = 10000
utc = [ 'Jun 20, 2004', 'Dec 1, 2005' ]
cspice str2et, utc, et
times = dindgen(STEP)*(et[1]-et[0])/STEP + et[0]
cspice spkpos, 'Cassini', times, 'J2000', 'NONE', 'SATURN BARYCENTER', pos, ltime
;; Plot the resulting trajectory.
x = pos[0, *]
y = pos[1, *]
z = pos[2, *]
iplot, x, y, z
cspice kclear
```

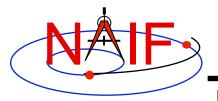


#### **Graphic Output**

**Navigation and Ancillary Information Facility** 



Trajectory of the Cassini vehicle in the J2000 frame, for June 20, 2004 to Dec 1, 2005

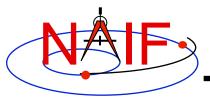


#### Simple Mice Example

**Navigation and Ancillary Information Facility** 

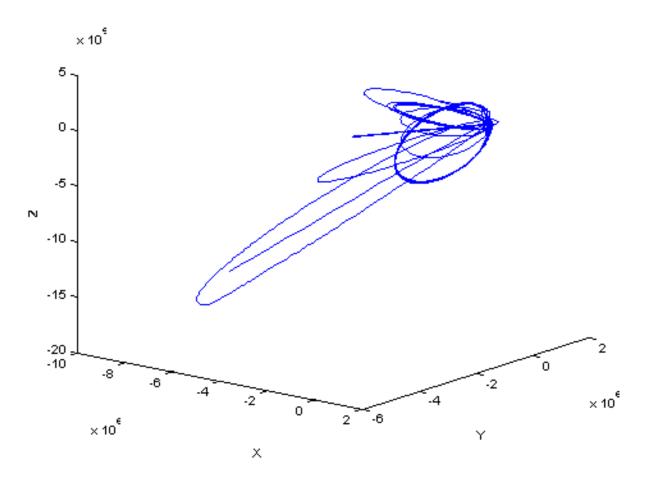
 As an example of Mice use with vectorization, calculate and plot the trajectory in the J2000 inertial frame of the Cassini spacecraft from June 20, 2004 to December 1, 2005

```
% Construct a meta kernel, "standard.tm", which will be used to load the needed
% generic kernels: "naif0009.tls," "de421.bsp," and "pck0009.tpc."
% Load the generic kernels using the meta kernel, and a Cassini spk.
cspice furnsh( { 'standard.tm', '/kernels/cassini/spk/<u>030201AP SK SM546 T45.bsp</u>'} )
% Define the number of divisions of the time interval and the time interval.
STEP
            = 1000;
et
            = cspice str2et( {'Jun 20, 2004', 'Dec 1, 2005'});
            = (0:STEP-1) * (et(2) - et(1))/STEP + et(1);
times
[pos, ltime] = cspice spkpos( 'Cassini', times, 'J2000', 'NONE', 'SATURN BARYCENTER' );
% Plot the resulting trajectory.
x = pos(1,:);
y = pos(2, :);
z = pos(3, :);
plot3(x, y, z)
cspice kclear
```

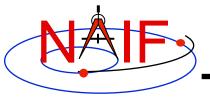


### **Graphic Output**





Trajectory of the Cassini vehicle in the J2000 frame, for June 20, 2004 to Dec 1, 2005





**Navigation and Ancillary Information Facility** 

- "icy.req," Icy Required Reading
- "mice.req," Mice Required Reading
- "Introduction to the Family of SPICE Toolkits," tutorial