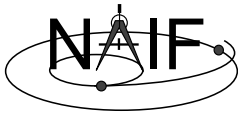




Frames Kernel FK

October 2007



Introduction

What does the FRAMES subsystem do?

- It establishes relationships between reference frames used in geometry computations -- it "chains frames together."
- It connects frames with sources of their orientation specifications.
- Based on these relationships and orientation source information, it allows SPICE software to compute transformations between neighboring frames in the "chain," and to combine these transformations in the right order, thus providing an ability to compute orientation of any frame in the chain with respect to any other frame in the chain at any time. (*)

(*) If the complete set of underlying SPICE data need to compute the transformation is available.



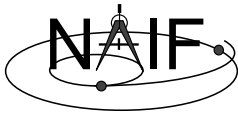
Frames Class Specifications

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<u>Frame class</u>	<u>Frame Defined in</u>	<u>Orientation provided in</u>
Inertial	Toolkit	Toolkit
Bodyfixed	Toolkit or FK	PCK
CK based	FK	CK
Fixed offset	FK	FK
Dynamic	FK	Toolkit, or computed using FK, SPK, CK, and/or PCK

Frames Kernel

5



FRAMES Subsystem Interfaces

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SXFORM/PXFORM returns state or position
transformation matrix

```
CALL SXFORM ( 'FROM_FRAME_NAME', 'TO_FRAME_NAME', ET, MAT6x6 )  
CALL PXFORM ( 'FROM_FRAME_NAME', 'TO_FRAME_NAME', ET, MAT3x3 )
```

SPKEZR/SPKPOS returns state or position
vector in specified frame

```
CALL SPKEZR ( BOD, ET, 'FRAME_NAME', CORR, OBS, STATE, LT )  
CALL SPKPOS ( BOD, ET, 'FRAME_NAME', CORR, OBS, POSITN, LT )
```

The above are FORTRAN examples, using SPICELIB modules.
The same interfaces exist for C, using CSPICE modules, and for Icy and Mice.

Frames Kernel

6

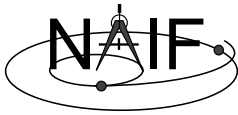


CK-Based Frames “Must Know”

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These are VERY IMPORTANT points you must understand!

- The frames routines (SPKEZR/SPKEZ, SPKPOS, SXFORM, PXFORM) all read CK files using tolerance = 0
 - For discrete CKs the orientation of a CK-based frame will be computed only if the time provided to a Frames routine exactly matches one of the times stored in the CK file; otherwise an error will be signaled.
 - For continuous CKs the orientation of a CK-based frame will be computed only if the time provided to a Frames routine falls within one of the interpolation intervals defined by the CK file; otherwise an error will be signaled.
- Using SPKEZR or SXFORM requires CKs with angular rates
 - Since these routines return a state vector (6x1) or state transformation matrix (6x6), angular rates must be present in the CK in order to compute vectors and matrices; if rates are not present, an error will be signaled.
 - SPKPOS and PXFORM, which return a position vector (3x1) and a position transformation matrix (3x3) respectively, can be used instead because they require only orientation data to be present in the CK.
- Ephemeris time input to Frames routines is converted to SCLK to access CKs
 - SCLK and LSK kernels must be loaded to support this conversion.
 - SCLK ID is specified in one of the CK frame definition keywords; if not, it's assumed to be the Frame ID divided by a 1000.



What are the Names of Frames?

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- Refer to FRAMES.REQ for the list of NAIF “built in” (hard coded) inertial and body-fixed frames
- Refer to a project's Frames Kernel (FK) file for a list of frames defined for the spacecraft, its subsystems and instruments
- Refer to an earth stations FK for a list of frames defined for the DSN and other stations

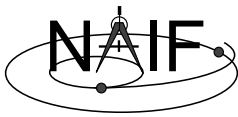


Frames Kernel File

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- Uses the SPICE text kernel file standards
- Loaded using the FURNISH routine
- Usually contains comprehensive information about the defined frames in the text section(s) of the file
- Contains frame definition information consisting of a set of keywords in the data sections of the file. For example, the frame for the scanner assembly of the ASPERA instrument on the Mars Express spacecraft is defined as:

```
\begindata
  FRAME_MEX_ASPERA_SAF          = -41111
  FRAME_-41111_NAME             = 'MEX_ASPERA_SAF'
  FRAME_-41111_CLASS            = 3
  FRAME_-41111_CLASS_ID         = -41111
  FRAME_-41111_CENTER           = -41
  CK_-41111_SCLK                = -41
  CK_-41111_SPK                 = -41
\begintext
```



Frame Definition Details - 1

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- Frame ID is an integer number used by the SPICE system as a “handle” in buffering and retrieving various parameters associated with a frame. In an FK it “glues” together the keywords defining the frame.
- FRAME...NAME assigns a name to the Frame ID code.
- FRAME...CLASS specifies the method by which the frame is related to some other frame — inertial, PCK, CK, TK, dynamic.



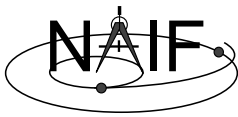
Frame Definition Details - 2

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- **FRAME...CLASS_ID** is the number that connects a frame with the orientation data for it.
 - For body-fixed frames **CLASS_ID** is the ID of the natural body. It is used as input to PCK routines called by the Frame subsystem to compute orientation of the frame.
 - » Frame ID and **CLASS_ID** are not the same for the body-fixed frames defined in the Toolkit but they can be the same for frames defined in FK files.
 - For CK-based frames **CLASS_ID** is the CK structure ID. It is used as input to CK routines called by the Frame subsystem to compute orientation of the frame.
 - » Normally **CLASS_ID** of a CK-based frame is the same as the frame ID.
 - For fixed offset and dynamic frames **CLASS_ID** is the ID that is used to retrieve the frame definition keywords.
 - » **CLASS_ID** of a fixed offset or dynamic frame is the same as the frame ID
- **FRAME..CENTER** specifies the ephemeris object at which the frame origin is located.
- **CK...SCLK** identifies the spacecraft clock associated with the CK structure ID. Used by the frames subsystem to convert ET to SCLK used to look up CK data.
- **CK...SPK** identifies the ephemeris object associated with the CK structure ID (not currently used; included for future use).

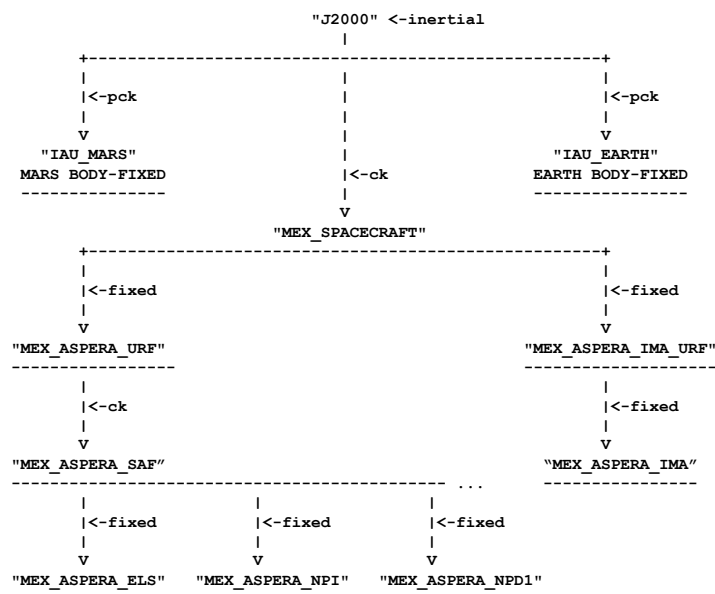
Frames Kernel

11



Frame Tree Example: ASPERA Instrument on Mars Express

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Blue text indicates frame class

Frames Kernel

12